## EXPERIMENTAL FACILITIES

The scientific achievements of the Institute derive from the facilities and equipment available to its scientists.

## Major facilities that are used by several groups from the Institute, the University, and other institutions, unique in Portugal, deserve special mention:

The Portuguese Research Reactor (RPI), a 1 MW swimming pool nuclear reactor which is used as a radiation source for manifold research tasks;

Ion beam laboratory with a Van de Graaff accelerator 2.5/3 MV for RBS channeling, NRA, PIXE and ERD and the high fluence 200 kV ion implantor. A microprobe has been assembled in the (p,  $\gamma$ ) accelerator beam line;

Fourier transform ion cyclotron resonance mass spectrometer, used for ion-molecule reactions and for high resolution mass spectrometry, equipped with a new data station (Finnigan Venus Odyssey) and a quadrupolar axialization unit (Finnigan Dual QuadAx);

Radiation Technologies Unit (UTR) -  ${}^{60}$ Co gamma irradiation facility, nominal activity  $1.5 \times 10^{16}$  Bq (400 kCi), present activity  $3.0 \times 10^{15}$  Bq (80 kCi);

Helium liquefaction facility - The existence of this facility in the Campus with a system for recovering the helium, makes the Laboratories at Sacavém the ideal place for experiments at low temperatures. Helium is supplied to several laboratories in Portugal (see Fig. 1).

## It is important to refer several other facilities that are also unique in Portugal:

- Multipurpose Magnetic Characterisation System, MagLab2000 from Oxford Instruments, including AC-susceptibility, magnetisation and Specific Heat measurements in the range 1.5-400 K and under fields up to 12T. This system acquired under a special contract with PRAXIS was installed and became operational in the end of 1998.
- Laboratories for electrical transport measurements at low temperatures 0.3-400K, and under high magnetic fields up to 18T
- Laboratories for handling radioactive materials
- Sample preparation laboratories for nuclear analysis
- Hot laboratory equipped with remote controlled hot cells
- Laboratories for neutron activation analysis
- Laboratories for <sup>14</sup>C and <sup>3</sup>H dating
- Two mass spectrometers for isotopic ratio determination in light elements  $(^{2}H/^{1}H \text{ and } ^{13}C/^{12}C \text{ and } ^{18}O/^{16}O)$

- Neutron Time of Flight Diffactometer, ETV
- Small Angle Neutron Scattering Instrument, EPA (under construction)
- Two-Axis Neutron Diffractometer, DIDE (under construction)
- High-Resolution High-Temperature X-ray Diffractometer, Hotbird (under construction).

## Other available facilities include:

- Clean room for radiopharmaceutical preparations;
- Clean laboratory (class 100) for sample preparation for trace element analysis;
- Seven PM10 air samplers and one PM10 automatic air sampler (developed at ITN);
- Two ultrasound anemometers;
- One Marple cascade impactor;
- Laboratory for animal experiments;
- 40 kV small accelerator for nitrogen implantation;
- Metal vapour synthesis equipment;
- High temperature furnaces (induction furnace with Czochralski, float zone, and Bridgman, attachments with cold copper crucibles; arc furnace and controlled atmosphere resistive furnace);
- Electrocorrosion cutting machine;
- Several inert atmosphere glove boxes;
- Several high resolution gamma and X-ray spectrometers;
- Energy dispersive X- ray fluorescence spectrometer;
- Mass spectrometer for quantitative residual gas analysis;
- C, H, N elemental automatic analyser;
- High performance liquid chromatography (UV and radioactivity monitors);
- NMR spectrometers (Bruker 80MHz; Varian 300 MHz);
- Faraday microbalance for magnetic susceptibility determinations (up to 7T);
- Mössbauer spectrometer with He cryostat and split magnet of 5T (sources for <sup>57</sup>Fe and <sup>151</sup>Eu);
- X ray 4 circle automated diffractometer;
- FTIR spectrometer;
- UV/vis/IR spectrometer (Cary 5);
- Solution reaction calorimeter;
- Differential Scanning Calorimeter (DSC);

- Thermogravimetric Analyser (TGA);
- High speed centrifuge;
- Micro plasma welding station;
- Universal testing machine;
- Laboratory for vibratory analysis (Applied Dynamics).

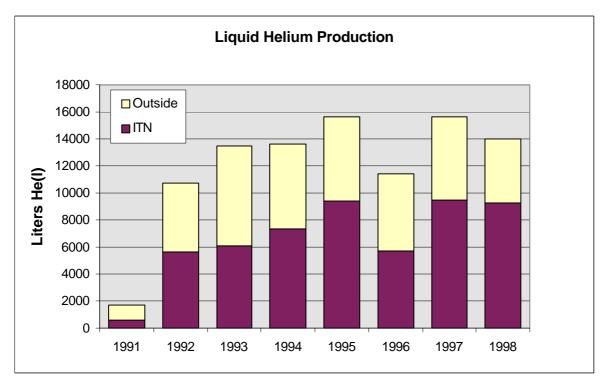


Fig. 1 - Liquid Helium supplied by ITN.